962,240 3,737,923 12,408,101

Province or Territory Farm Beef Products, Sold or		1	2 2504 25 134		
including Used for Hay Food	Fishing	Hunting and Trapping	Other Industries	Wages Earned	Total Income of Indians ¹
\$ \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Prince Edward Island 2, 112 450 Nova Scotia 6, 400 225 New Brunswick 3, 515 50 Quebec 110, 750 16, 750 Ontario 416, 585 103, 440 Manitoba 260, 812 42, 125 Saskatchewan 484, 811 95, 778 Alberta 315, 452 223, 022 British Columbia 654, 711 178, 689 Yukon and N.W.T. 6, 670 Nil	212, 910 86, 450 28, 126	1,200 1,725 260,655 654,075 250,250 108,195 128,388 328,327	126,550 438,845 92,825	63, 175 805, 500 1, 531, 000 201, 750 208, 486 220, 630 1, 507, 503	63,638 83,897 1,368,391 3,807,140 1,046,559 1,315,336 1,351,795 4,698,095

5.-Values and Sources of Income of Indians, by Provinces, 1944

533,433 1,915,927 1,800,972

Subsection 2.—The Eskimos of Canada*

The Eskimos in Canada are found principally north of the tree-line on the northern fringe of the mainland and around the coasts of the islands in the Arctic Archipelago and in Hudson Bay. Most of the Eskimos are essentially coastal dwellers, obtaining much of their food and clothing from the mammals of the sea. However, there are bands of Eskimos living in the interior of Keewatin District on the west side of Hudson Bay, who are inland people and who subsist chiefly on fish and caribou.

The Decennial Census of Canada in 1941 established the Eskimo population at 7,205, of which 5,404 were located in the Northwest Territories, 1,778 in northern Quebec, and the remainder, 23, in other provinces.

The administrative care of the Eskimos devolves upon the Lands, Parks and Forests Branch of the Department of Mines and Resources, which, by regulative measures—including the setting aside of game preserves where only natives may hunt, and the establishment of reindeer herds—conserves the natural resources necessary to their subsistence. An account of the Dominion Government's reindeer experiment, which was undertaken primarily to improve the economic condition of the native Eskimos, appears at pp. 17-23 of the 1943-44 Year Book. Contact with the Eskimos is maintained through permanent stations, at a number of which medical officers are located, in the Eastern, Central and Western Arctic; by patrols of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police; by radio communication; by means of the annual Canadian Eastern Arctic Patrol by steamship; and by auxiliary motor vessels.

¹ Includes income received from timber and mining dues, from annuities earned as interest on Indian trust funds, and from money received from land rentals.

^{*} Prepared under the direction of R. A. Gibson, Director, Lands, Parks and Forests Branch, Department of Mines and Resources.